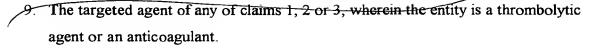
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What is claimed is:

A targeted therapeutic or diagnostic agent comprising (a) a therapeutic or diagnostic functional entity linked to (b) an isolated peptide mimetic that specifically binds a selected target.

- 2. A targeted therapeutic or diagnostic agent comprising (a) a therapeutic or diagnostic functional entity linked to (b) an isolated, optimized, high-affinity polyamino acid that specifically binds a selected target.
- 3. A targeted therapeutic or diagnostic agent comprising (a) a therapeutic or diagnostic functional entity linked to (b) an isolated naturally occurring or optimized protein surface loop that specifically binds a selected target, wherein the protein surface loop is not endogenous to the functional entity.
- 4. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the functional entity is a medical or diagnostic device.
- 5. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is a cell, virus, gene delivery vehicle or a biological molecule.
- 6. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is a synthetic or naturally occurring macromolecule.
- The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is a synthetic or naturally occurring peptide or protein.
 - 8. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is a synthetic or naturally occurring enzyme.



- 10. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is a plasminogen activator.
- The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is tissue type plasminogen activator (tPA), or a variant of tissue type plasminogen activator.

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The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the entity is loop-grafted tissue type plasminogen activator (LG-tPA).

The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is a biological entity.

- 14. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is an organ, tumor, tissue, cell, virus, or microorganism.
- The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is a synthetic or naturally occurring macromolecule.
 - The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is a protein.
- The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is a cell surface protein.
 - 18. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is an integrin.

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- 19. The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is an integrin that binds to an Arg-Gly-Asp (RGD) tripeptide motif.
- The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is $\alpha I b \beta I$ integrin.
 - The targeted agent of any of claims 1, 2 or 3, wherein the target is $\alpha_V \beta_I$ integrin.
- The targeted agent of claim 2, wherein the optimized, high affinity polyamino acid is a complementarity determining region of an IgG-like molecule.
 - 23. The targeted agent of claim 2, wherein the optimized, high affinity polyamino acid is a complementarity determining region of an antibody molecule.

The targeted agent of claim 23, wherein the complementarity determining region is heavy chair complementarity determining region 3 (HCDR3) of monoclonal antibody Fab-9.

A recombinant targeting protein comprising (a) a surface loop from a first protein having a surface loop that specifically binds the target and (b) a functional domain of a second protein.

The recombinant targeting protein of faim 25, wherein the surface loop is a complementarity determining region of a monoclonal antibody directed against the target.

The recombinant targeting protein of claim 26, wherein the antibody is directed against a cell surface protein.

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- 28. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 27, wherein the cell surface protein is an integrin. 29. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 28, wherein the integrin is platelet glycoprotein GPIIb/IIIa (integrin αΙ Ι ββΙ). **3**0. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 28, wherein the integrin is $\alpha_V \beta_L$ 31. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 29 or 30, wherein the surface loop is the HCDR3 of monoclonal antibody Fab-9. 32. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 25, wherein the second protein is human tissue type plasminogen activator (t-PA). 33. The recombinant targeting protein of claim 25, wherein the surface loop is the HCDR3 of monoclonal antibody Fab-9, the second protein is human tissue type plasminogen activator (t-PA), and the target is platelet glycoprotein GPIIb/IIIa (integrin αΙ Ι ββΙ). 34. A composition comprising the recombinant targeting protein of claim 25. **35**. The composition of claim 34, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. **3**6. A composition comprising the recombinant targeting protein of claim 33. The composition of claim 36, further comprising a pharmaceutically 37. acceptable carrier.
- 30 38. An isolated nucleic acid encoding the recombinant protein of claim 25.

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- 39. An isolated nucleic acid encoding the recombinant protein of claim 33.
- 40. An isolated nucleic acid that specifically hybridizes to the nucleic acid of claim 38.
- 41. An isolated nucleic acid that specifically hybridizes to the nucleic acid of claim 39.
 - 42. A composition comprising the nucleic acid of claim 38.
- 43. The composition of claim 42, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - A composition comprising the nucleic acid of claim 39.
 - The composition of claim 44, further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- A method of reducing a blood clot in a subject comprising administering to
 the subject a therapeutic amount of the protein of claim 33, thereby binding
 the protein to platelet glycoprotein GPIIb/IIIa (integrin αI I bβI) on a platelet in
 a blood clot in the subject and reducing the blood clot in the subject.
- A method of preventing thrombosis or promoting thrombolysis in a subject comprising administering to the subject a therapeutic amount of the protein of claim 33, thereby binding the protein to platelet glycoprotein GPIIb/IIIa (integrin αI I bβI) on a platelet in a blood clot in the subject and preventing thrombosis or promoting thrombolysis in the subject.
- A method of treating or preventing myocardial infarction in a subject comprising administering to the subject a therapeutic amount of the protein

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of claim 33, thereby binding the protein to a platelet in the subject and treating or preventing myocardial infarction in the subject.

- A method of targeting a therapeutic compound to a tumor in a subject comprising administering to the subject the targeted agent of claim 24, wherein the therapeutic or diagnostic entity is an anti-tumor therapeutic compound.
- A method of targeting a therapeutic protein to a tumor in a subject comprising administering to the subject the protein of claim 31, wherein the second protein is an anti-tumor therapeutic protein.
- A method of targeting a therapeutic compound to an osteoclast in a subject comprising administering to the subject the targeted agent of claim 24, wherein the therapeutic or diagnostic entity is an anti-osteoporosis therapeutic compound.
- A method of targeting a therapeutic protein to an osteoclast in a subject comprising administering to the subject the protein of claim 31, wherein the second protein is an anti-osteoporosis therapeutic protein.
 - A method of targeting a therapeutic compound to an endothelial cell which is in the process of angiogenesis in a subject comprising administering to the subject the targeted agent of claim 24, wherein the therapeutic or diagnostic entity is an anti-angiogenic factor or a cellular poison.
 - A method of targeting a therapeutic compound to a tumor or tumor cell expressing $\alpha_V \beta_I$ integrin in a subject comprising administering to the subject the targeted agent of claim 24, wherein the therapeutic or diagnostic entity is a cell with anti-tumor activity.

A method of targeting a therapeutic compound to a vascular smooth muscle cell (SMC) which is contributing to vascular stenosis in a subject comprising administering to the subject the targeted agent of claim 24, wherein the therapeutic or diagnostic entity is a modulator of cell growth or a cellular poison.

